



# Apprentissage Automatique : ???

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M2 Plurital

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## Failure modes

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## Specification gaming

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- ‘Agent kills itself at the end of level 1 to avoid losing in level 2’

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Par contre l'histoire des tanks a bien l'air apocryphe, voir Branwen (2019)

**Démo : un modèle de détection d'opinions**

# Diversity ?

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## Machine translation for Breton

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*'Ar yezh ma ra ganti un den a zo anezhi ur bed ma vev ha ma striv ennañ'*

*'La langue que quelqu'un pratique est un monde dans lequel il vit et lutte.'*

**Apertium**    *'La langue si elle fait avec elle une personne elle l'est un monde s'il vit et mon effort dans lui.'* (Tyers (2010), rule based)

**m2m100**    *'C'est le cas d'un homme qui a laissé le coucher, et qui a laissé le coucher.'* (Fan et al. (2021), multiling NMT)

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**OPUS-ceptic** ‘The language if she has a man who lives a world and has my straight.’

**OPUS-elg** ‘This language contains one or more people who have their own world!’

**So what's happening?**

OPUS (Tiedemann 2012) is a meta parallel corpus with covering for  $\approx 400$  languages.

For Breton, it includes most of the publicly available data:

**br-fr**      1.6 Msentences

**br-en**      1.1 Msentences

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- WikiMatrix (Schwenk et al. 2021a)
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Only one corpus is actually made of human translations: OPAB (Ofis Publik ar Brezhoneg, Tyers (2009)).

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- ‘*Super-harozed.*’ vs. ‘*Vous êtes des héros. Des Super héros.*’
- ‘*C'hoant 'moa goût petra 'oa c'hoarvezet.*’ vs. ‘*J'aimais Tony. Je voulais savoir ce qui s'est passé.*’
- ‘*Me iveau !*’ vs. ‘*What are the chances?*’
- ‘*Kae da sutal, Pakistan brein !*’ vs. ‘*You're sorry?*’

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No one has actually checked it.

**No speaker of Breton has ever been involved in the development of either datasets or models.**

# Diversity ?

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## Other crimes

*'Ar yezh ma ra ganti un den a zo anezhi ur bed ma vev ha ma striv ennañ'*

*'La langue que quelqu'un pratique est un monde dans lequel il vit et lutte.'*

**GPT-3.5**      *'La langue qu'elle parle est celle d'une personne qui a en elle un monde où elle vit et lutte.'*

*'La langue que quelqu'un pratique est un monde dans lequel il vit et lutte.'*

*'Ar yezh ma ra ganti un den a zo anezhi ur bed ma vev ha ma striv ennañ.'*

**GPT-3.5**      *'An teunga a implij ur vro eo ur bed en e ober a blij ha emdroadur.'*

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**GPT-3.5**     *...*

# DEGEMER MAT

## BIENVENUE

Petra eo ho koulen ? | Quelle est votre question ?

Gallout a rit skrivañ ur gennennadenn e brezhoneg pe e galleg, ha respont a vo deoc'h dre ziouer e brezhoneg dre zegas. E vo kinniget deoc'h e-barzh krochenneg ar frazennoù e galleg. Bez' ez eus plijadur!

Vous pouvez soumettre un message en breton ou en français, notre outil vous répondra automatiquement en breton. La traduction en français vous sera proposée entre parenthèses. Amusez-vous bien !

### ChatGPT.bzh : l'intelligence artificielle qui parle breton !

Bienvenue sur notre nouveau site de chatbot en breton ! ChatGPT.bzh est le [ChatGPT](#) breton. Si vous cherchez à apprendre la langue bretonne ou à améliorer votre niveau, vous êtes au bon endroit. Notre chatbot utilise l'intelligence artificielle pour vous fournir des réponses en breton sur une variété de sujets, allant de la [culture bretonne](#) au sens large, du [vocabulaire](#), à la grammaire et à la prononciation.

Notre chatbot en breton est un outil innovant qui vous permet de pratiquer la langue bretonne en ligne, de manière facile et interactive. En communiquant avec notre chatbot en breton, vous aurez l'opportunité de découvrir une langue riche et fascinante, tout en améliorant votre compréhension et votre expression écrite et orale.

Que vous soyez débutant ou avancé, notre chatbot en breton peut vous aider à progresser. Essayez notre chatbot en breton dès maintenant et découvrez l'expérience unique que nous avons créée pour vous. Notre chatbot est disponible 24h/24, 7j/7 pour répondre à toutes vos questions en breton.

N'hésitez pas à commencer à discuter avec lui dès maintenant et à apprendre la langue bretonne de manière amusante et interactive !

**kregiñ ar c'hat**  
**Commencez le chat !** 

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## Diversity ?

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With a little help from field linguistics

**Navigation**

[Accueil](#)  
[Utiliser ce site](#)

**Grammaire bretonne**

[Introduction](#)  
[Prononciation](#)  
[Composition de mot](#)  
[Le nom](#)  
[La préposition](#)  
[Le verbe](#)  
[La phrase](#)  
[Parler en contexte](#)  
[-> Article au hasard](#)

**Linguistique formelle**

[Introduction](#)  
[Architecture](#)  
[Phonologie](#)  
[Morphologie](#)  
[Principaux constituants](#)  
[Syntaxe de la phrase](#)  
[Structure informationnelle](#)  
[Sémantique](#)

## La lénition

[Page](#) [Discussion](#)

[Voir le texte source](#) [Historique](#)

(Redigé depuis Mutation douce)

**La lénition**, mutation consonantique dite 'adoucissante', notée sur ce site par un exposant 1, est déclenchée par:

- le *rannig a*
- les déterminants possessifs *da* (2SG) et *e* (3SGM)
- les pronoms objet proclitiques *da* (2SG) et *e* (3SGM)
- les prépositions *da*, *a*, *dre*, et parfois après *dindan*, *diwar*, *pe*, *war*
- les cardinaux *daou* et *div* (2)
- les particules négatives *ne* et *na*
- le réflexif *en em*
- l'équivalent du gérondif: *en ur*,
- le quantifieur *holl*
- la préposition *eme*
- la composition morphologique, avec *gwall-*, *hanter-*, et de nombreux autres préfixes.
- un mot féminin singulier, ou masculin pluriel de personnes qui n'ont pas leur pluriel en -où sur un adjectif épithète ou un nom en *apposition*.
- un nom propre sur son adjetif en contexte *hypocoristique* (*Per vihan*)

Consonne initiale mutable:	K	T	P	G	Gw	D	B	M
1.	G	D	B	C'h	W	Z	V	V
1 a.	G	D	B	C'h	W	-	V	V
1 b.	-	-	-	C'h	W	Z	V	V

**Cas 1a:** après l'article défini *ar* et *an*, et l'article indéfini *ur* et *un* pour les noms féminins singuliers et les noms masculins pluriels de personnes qui n'ont pas leur pluriel en -où.

**Cas 1b:** adjectifs épithètes et noms en apposition après les substantifs se terminant par autre chose que L, M, N, R, V ou une voyelle.

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[Pages liées](#)  
[Suivi des pages liées](#)  
[Version imprimable](#)  
[Lien permanent](#)  
[Informations sur la page](#)  
[Journaux de la page](#)

**Liste des catégories**

[Articles](#)  
[Phonologie](#)

## Atlas Rannyezhouù ar BREzhoneg: Sintaks (Jouitteau 2009–2024)

- A public, collaborative and evolutive research notebook for fundamental research in formal linguistics.
- A descriptive grammar for the speaking community.
- Including illustrative data
  - News
  - Cultural/artistic productions
  - Social media content
  - Elicitation data collected in linguistic fieldwork

Breton sentences and their translations extracted from ARBRES's interlinear glosses:

- (1) *eur mell gwezenn glas he deliou*  
a big tree.SG green his<sup>2</sup> leaf.PL  
“ a big tree with green leaves ”

## Volume

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So is it all for nothing?

No!

## Systems comparison

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For a more precise comparison, we evaluate:

**Apertium**    Mostly rule-based, developed for Breton by Tyers (2010) on the OPAB corpus.

**m2m100-418m** out-of-the-box.

**+OPUS**    with continued pretraining on OPUS data (with heuristic filtering for quality, so mostly OPAB)

**+ARBRES**    with both OPUS and ARBRES Kenstur.

Evaluation on a (sadly) for now private dataset from OPAB.

## Results

Model	BLEU	ChrF++	TER
Apertium	24.15	50.23	63.93
m2m100-418M	0.58	11.85	114.49
+OPAB	30.01	50.16	55.37
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- ALSO LOOK AT THAT LAST LINE OMG

## But what does it look like?

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**+OPUS+ARBRES** *'La langue dans laquelle un homme parle est un monde dans lequel il vit et s'efforce.'*

# Diversity ?

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What now?

## Why????

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But very little to actually do it well: doing poorly has very little consequences.

This leads to a form of **diversity washing**, with plausible-ish deniability.

Whenever there is at least some data available, just use it. No need for any other commitment: **the subaltern cannot speak** (Chakravorty Spivak 1988).

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In many cases, these minority linguistic communities are already in difficult positions re: literacy in English, higher education, competences in CS and linguistics, and access to media.

## Lessons

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- Be very careful with uncontrolled parallel data mining.
- Curating a focused dataset is worth the effort.

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- NLP **by** language experts is a lot better. In all respects.
- **Linguists** and their data are far too precious to ignore.

## What to do

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  - Support.
  - **Don't be an outsider.**

## Mental illusions

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[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wp8ebj\\_yRI4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wp8ebj_yRI4)

## Appendix

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## References i

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